Title	Breeding ecology of Blue Tits
General metadata	Dictumg ecology of Blue Tits
Abstract	European Blue tits (<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>) time reproduction so the period for rearing chicks is synchronized with the peak of abundance of caterpillars, most of which feed on young leaves of deciduous trees. A long-term study at Silwood Park aims to understand the extent to which a mismatch between breeding phenology and prey availability affects a wild population of these birds. Hundreds of nest boxes and thousands of oak trees distributed across the campus' woodlands are monitored annually since 2002 to track the breeding activity of nesting tits and record the time of emergence of new oak leaves.
Keywords	Mismatching phenology, food chain, Laying date
Is this part of a larger study?	Yes, these observations are part of the long-term monitoring of oaks and blue tit matching phenology study
Individual: Primary contact	Julia Schroeder
Position	Senior lecturer in Ecology and Evolution
Organization	Imperial College London, Department of Life Science
Address	Buckhurst Road, Ascot, SL5 7PY
Phone	+44 (0)20 7594 9086
Email	julia.schroeder@imperial.ac.uk
Web address	http://www.imperial.ac.uk/people/julia.schroeder
Individual: Associated parties	Catalina Estrada Montes
Position	Ecological Analyst and Facility Manager
Organization	Imperial College London, Department of Life Science
Address	Buckhurst Road, Ascot, SL5 7PY
Phone	+44 (0)20 7594 2217
Email address	c.estrada@imperial.ac.uk
Funding	Imperial College London, Department of Life Science NERC (NE/E017487/1) to I. Owens 2007-2011
Permits	Natural England License Number 20081222/3 to Ian Owen (?) Home office PPL 7009092 (2016-2021) & PPL (2021-2026) to Julia Schroeder
Data set status and accessibility	
Status	Ongoing
Latest update	December 2023
Latest archive date	December 2023
Metadata status	December 2023
Accessibility	
Storage location and medium	"Research group space: SilwoodLTE", Imperial College London, ICT department
Usage rights	Open access

Metadata	SPI-birds data hub (spibirds.org/en)				
Geographic metadata					
Geographic description	The study site is Silwood Park Campus from Imperial College London, Buckhurst Road, Ascot, Berkshire SL5 7PY, United Kingdom. Silwood Park campus, with about 70 ha, contains ancient woodlands and few-decades-old oak-dominated woodlands. Study oak trees have been set across the campus woodlands, which are classified as W10a, W10e and W16a using the National Vegetation Classification. Silwood Park experiences an average total annual rainfall of 698 mm with little seasonal pattern. Mean hourly temperature is 10.2 °C with mean max of 23 °C in July and mean min of 1.4 °C in January (Silwood weather station 1987-2021 www.imperial.ac.uk/silwood-park/research/field-experiments/silwood-weather/).				
Bounding coordinates	General for Silwood Pa	rk.			
Latitude	51.411				
Longitude	-0.647				
UK National grid					
Square	SU				
Easting	94196				
Northing	68866				
Temporal metadata					
Temporal description	Breeding phenology study started in 2002. Missing data for season 2014 because of a gap in project leadership and 2020 because of Covid Pandemic lockdown regulations.				
Begin	2002				
End	Ongoing				
Taxonomic metadata					
General Information					
Taxonomic level: Order	Passeriformes				
Taxonomic level:	Table: NAMESP				
Species		Common name	Species code (British Trust of		
	Species	D1 TE's	Ornithology)		
	Cyanistes caeruleus	Blue Tit	BLUTI		
	Parus major	Great Tit	GRETI		
	Periparus ater	Coal tit	COATI		
	Sitta europaea	Nuthatch	NUTHA		
Methods metadata					
General experimental	There is a network of woodcrete nest boxes across the campus' woodlands used				
design	to study the breeding phenology of blue tits. Most boxes have a small entrance				
	(26 mm) but two of the woodlands have also a set of boxes with a larger entrance (32 mm). Boxes with larger entrances can be used by Great Tits and all nest boxes are occasionally occupied by Nuthatches and Coal Tits. Nest boxes have a unique name with a letter and a number. Letters of boxes of the same entrance size and within the same woodland have the same letter (also known as territory). The Number of nest boxes have varied throughout the study. Nest boxes with letters A-H were erected in 2001 and those J & K in 2004 (Henderson_UGthesis_2005). Nest boxes with larger entrance (X & GA) were				

added in 2009 (Bell_PhDThesis_2014). Several have been excluded from the experiment due to the sale of campus land or due to unknown reasons (information loss), like all nest boxes in territory K. Typically nest boxes are moved to a neighbour tree when the host tree is damaged or fallen. In 2022 breeding season there were 224 active nest boxes, 176 boxes have a small entrance (26 mm) that exclude Great Tits and 48 have a larger entrance (32mm).

The specific location and detailed information of when nest boxes have been in or out of the study can be found in table: Nextboxes location.csv

Data collection

1. Data from 2015

Extracted from: Lopera Doblas (2017) Field Season Protocol followed since 2015 -handbook.pdf

Regular visits to nest boxes start on 1st April (day 1). Monitoring aims to record the stage of nest building, the date when first egg is laid, number of eggs and successful chicks fledging a nest.

Females and males breeding in nestboxes are captured, measured and ringed during egg incubation, during the feeding phase (e.g. day 14) or both. Adults and chicks are fit with a ring with a unique number issued by the British Trust of Ornithology (BTO). The BTO data base has also a copy of data of all birds measured, recaptured and ringed for this project. At least from 2021 this data contains nest box location.

Some years up to 2015 birds were marked with colour rings beside the metal numbered ring. Females were fit with one red ring in each leg, males with a black ring in each leg. An additional 'year' colour ring was added in left leg. Chicks were fit with the 'year' colour ring. Rings colours are read from left then right leg, from top to bottom ring.

Table: COLOURING

Code	Colour
N	Black
O	Orange
R	Red
X	Metal ring

Blood samples have been taken from adults and chicks using UK Home Office permits. Chick blood samples are taken on day 14 visit except for 2017 when day were taken day 7.

Swap samples from chick's cloaca taken at day 7 and 14 from nest that breed at different times across the season (early, medium, late) in 2023. Samples: sterile cotton touch cloaca several times while holding the chick with gloves. Chick marked by nail clipping to be recognize at subsequent date. Cotton put in 100% ethanol and refrigerated (fridge)

Nest Building: In early springs Blue Tit females start building nests inside nest boxes. Nest building can last several days to weeks and is common to find a great

variation in the timing and complexity of the end results. Females use several materials to build their nest, but they mostly consist of a base made of moss and dry weeds and a soft layer made up of feathers, hair, and/or wool where eggs and chicks can be kept warm. We have created a score system to monitor the process of nest building through time with four stages shown in these pictures:

Table: NEST SCORE

Score	Description
0	Nest box empty
0.25	Nest building began: a thin layer of loose moss
	or dry weeds inside. Bottom of box still exposed
0.5	A large and well donut-shaped layer of moss or
	dry weeds is present. Bottom not exposed
1	The nest lined with softer materials like hair,
	feathers and/or wool

Nest building scores are recorded before and during the breeding season until eggs are laid or visits to boxes stop. NestBuilding.csv table contains scores of nest before the breeding season and until the first eggs is laid. Only dates with changes in score are recorded.

2. Data 2002 to 2013

Information from published literature suggest data collection from 2002 to 2013 was done in a way very similar to protocols adopted in 2015. However, only one data file remains from 2002 to 2013 with missing dates, species and measuring days. All data in this file has been assumed to be from Blue Tit broods.

From published data:

- From 2002-2007 adults were measured and ringed on nest with 14 to 17-day old chicks (Bell et al 2014, Hardfield et al 2006_PRS, Innes MScThesis 2007).
- In 2008 adults measured and ringed during egg incubation (Greenough_MScThesis_2008)
- From 2002-2008 nest were part of cross-fostering experiments
- From 2002-2007 chicks were measured at day 15 (Hardfield et al 2006, 2006, Hinks_MScThesis_2006, Innes_MScThesis_2007).
- In 2011 chicks were measured at day 14 (Azam_UGThesis_2011)
- In 2003, 2006, 2011 chicks were ringed by day 7-9 (Hardfield et al 2006_JEB, Hinks_MScThesis_2006, Azam_UGThesis_2011).
- In 2003 130 nest had cross-fostered chicks. 74 nests with cross-fostered chicks were allocated for carotenoid-feeding experiments from day 3 to 11 (CM-carotenoid+mealworm, M-mealworm, NT-no treatments (Hardfield et al 2006_JEB)
- In 2002 102 nests were used for cross fostering experiment (Hardfield et al 2006_PRS.)
- In 2004 82 nests also subjected to immune challenge experiment. Chicks were injected with either phosphate buffered saline solution (PBS) or phytohaemagglutinin (PHA) (Jenkins_UGThesis_2004)
- In 2005 108 nests used for reciprocal cross- fostering experiment (HendersonUGThesis_2005)

- In 2007 some nest box used in cross nests hatching date manipulations and feeding experiments (Orros_MScThesis_2007)
- In 2008 there was a brood age and brood number manipulation experiment (Greenough_MScThesis_2008)

TABLE: MANIPULATION

IADLL	MANIPULATION		,
Year	Name in database	#	ASSUMED meaning
2002	CHXF	108	Chicks cross fostering
2006	CF	92	Chicks cross fostering
2006	MNCF	1	No cross fostering
2006	NCF	28	No cross fostering
2007	Advance unfed	22	Received eggs incubated for 8
			days, own 5 days
2007	Advance fed	23	Received eggs incubated for 8
			days, own 5 days + mealworms
2007	Control fed	39	Mealworms
2007	Control unfed	37	No manipulations
2007	Delayed fed	23	Received eggs incubated for 5
			days, own 8 days + mealworms
2007	Delayed unfed	23	Received eggs incubated for 5
			days, own 8 days
2008	AE	8	Own 1-day brood switched for 4-
			day brood equal size
2008	AL	5	Own 1-day brood switched for
			larger 4-day brood
2008	AS	12	Own 1-day brood switched for
			smaller 4-day brood
2008	DE	6	Own 4-day brood switched for 1-
			day brood equal size
2008	DL	8	Own 4-day brood switched for
			larger 1-day brood equal size
2008	DS	11	Own 4-day brood switched for 1-
			smaller day brood equal size
2009	AE	10	Unknown
2009	AL	11	Unknown
2009	AS	12	Unknown
2009	C	48	Unknown
2009	DE	10	Unknown
2009	DL	12	Unknown
2009	DS	11	Unknown
2009	EE	8	Unknown
2009	EL	5	Unknown
2009	ES	5	Unknown
		_	

Quality control

Phenology observations have been done by different researchers over the years. A complete list can be found in file: observers.csv

Curation of data files and creation of metadata has been done by several people. Catalina Estrada since November 2022. Please read README_DataBaseBlueTits.txt to see specific issues and decisions taken.

Data table metadata	
Number of tables	10
	NestBoxes_breeding_2002_2013.csv
	NestBoxes_breeding_2015On.csv
	Parents_2002_2013.csv
	Parents_2015On.csv
	Chicks_2002_2013.csv
	Chicks_2015On.csv
	NestBuilding.csv
	NextBoxes_location.csv
	observers.csv
	SwapSamples.csv
Format	.csv, .txt

File name	NestBoxes_breeding_2002_	2013.csv		
Description	Contains the usage of nest l	boxes throu	ghout the breeding season from	
	2002 to 2013			
Size	150 KB			
Case sensitive	no			
Number or records	2744			
Number of attributes	12			
Orientation	Variables (attributes) include	ed as column	ns	
Data table structure and attribute description				
Attribute description Attribute name	Definition	Туре	Attribute description	
NestBox Record	Unique number for a nest	Integer	Count	
TrestBon_record	box usage throughout the	micger	Min: 1, Max: 2744	
	study.			
Brood_ID	Unique name for brood	String	Name: combine year and nest box	
_	history, parents and		ID	
	surviving chicks in a given			
	nest box and in a given		YYYY_[NestBoxID]	
	year.			
	Link to tables:			
	Parents_2002_2013.csv,			
	Chicks_2002_2013.csv			
Year	Year the observations were	Date	YYYY	
	made			
			Min: 2002, Max: 2013	
NestBoxID	Name of Nest Box. Link to	String	Alphanumeric	
	table:		Nest boxes are marked with a	
	NextBoxes_location.csv		letter and a number. In general,	
			boxes within each woodland have	
Marchan Est	Wile of Leading 1	C4	the same letter	
NestBox_Fate	Whether the nest box	String	Text	
	showed any signs of been		used: if any data was associated to	
	used during the season.		the nest box that year	
			unused: a nest box was assumed	
		<u> </u>	anasca, a nest ook was assumed	

			to be unused when raw data table had no data reported for it
Species	Common name of species that breed on nest box	String	Text All assumed to be Blue Tit
			NA: nest not used
LayingDate	Day when the first egg of the clutch was estimated to have been laid	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1st April. Example: Day -2: 29 March Day 1: 1st April Day 31: 1st May Day 62: 1st June It is assumed that a Blue Tits female will lay and egg every day. If when visiting a nest box a single egg is found, the laying date is the date the egg was found. If two (or more) eggs are found, the laying date is the previous day (or one day per egg)
ClutchSize	Number of eggs found in nest at the clutch size check date which is about 15 days after first egg laid	Integer	Count NA: no eggs laid, no recorded
HatchingDate	Day when at least one egg was estimated to have hatched in the clutch	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1 st April. NA: no eggs laid, no recorded
ChickNumber	Number of live chicks found in nest at the time of measuring/ringing them	Integer	NA: no eggs laid, eggs did not hatch, all chicks found dead previously, no recorded
Notes	Further information associated with nest record. Field notes	String	Text See TABLE: MANIPULATION NA: no recorded

File name	NestBoxes_breeding_2015On.csv			
Description	Contains the usage of nest boxes throughout the breeding season starting 2015			
Size	227 KB			
Case sensitive	no			
Number or records	1951	1951		
Number of attributes	26			
Orientation	Variables (attributes) includ	ed as column	S	
Data table structure and attribute description				
Attribute name	Definition	Type	Attribute description	

		1	
NestBox_Record	Unique number for a nest box usage throughout the	Integer	Count
	study.		Min: 2745
Brood_ID	Unique name for brood history, parents and surviving chicks in a given	String	Name: combine year and nest box ID
	nest box and in a given year. Link to tables: Parents_2015On.csv, Chicks_2015On.csv, NestBuilding.csv		YYYY_[NestBoxID]
Year	Year the observations were made	Date	YYYY Min: 2015
NestBoxID	Name of Nest Box. Link to table: NextBoxes_location.csv	String	Alphanumeric Nest boxes are marked with a letter and a number. In general, boxes within each woodland have the same letter.
NestBox_Fate	Whether the nest box showed any signs of been used during the season.	String	Text used: if a birds build a nest AND lay eggs unused: if the nest box was empty or have a nest but not eggs were laid
Species	Common name of species that breed on nest box	String	Text Blue Tit, Great Tit, Coal tit, Nuthatch NA: none, not known or not recorded
LayingDate	Day when the first egg of the clutch was estimated to have been laid	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1st April. Example: Day -2: 29 March Day 1: 1st April Day 31: 1st May Day 62: 1st June It is assumed that a Blue Tits female will lay and egg every day. If when visiting a nestbox a single egg is found, the laying date is the date the egg was found. If two (or more) eggs are found, the laying date is the previous day (or one day per egg)
LayingDate_Estimated	Day when the laying date was observed	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1 st April. This is the day when the egg laying date is recorded

ClutchSize_CheckDate	Day in the season when it is expected the female has finished laying eggs and nest can be check for Clutch size. It is estimated as LayingDate + 15	Integer	NA: when laying date is the same as observed date: there is one egg in the nest. NA: when the date of the observation was no reported, or nest was no used Dates in April days starting 1st April. NA: no eggs laid, no recorded
ClutchSize	Number of eggs found in	Integer	Count
	nest at the ClutchSize_CheckDate. It includes eggs found broken or accidentally damaged by researcher	C	NA: no eggs laid, no recorded
Hatching_CheckDate	Day in the season when is	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1 st
	expected the eggs will hatch. It is calculated as		April.
	LayingDate + ClutchSize + 11		NA: no eggs laid, no recorded
HatchingDate	Day when at least one egg was estimated to have hatched in the clutch	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1 st April.
TI (1) D (D)	D 1 4	T .	NA: no eggs laid, no recorded
HatchingDate_Estimated	Day when the HatchingDate was observed	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1 st April. This is the day when the Hatching date is recorded
			NA: when hatching date is the same as observed date: the chick seems to have hatched the same day the observation is made NA: no eggs laid, no recorded
Day7_CheckDate	Date when chicks are	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1st
	expected to be 7 days old and first set of measures can be done. Estimated as		April. NA: no eggs laid, no recorded
Doy7 Data	HatchingDate + 7 Actual date when chicks	Intogor	Datas in April days starting 1st
Day7_Date	about 7 days old have been counted and measured	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1 st April.
		_	NA: no eggs laid, no recorded
Day7_ChickNumber	Number of live chicks	Integer	Count

	found in nest at the Day7_Date		NA: no eggs laid, eggs did not hatch, no recorded
Day14_CheckDate	Date when chicks are expected to be 14 days old and can be ringed and measures. Estimated as HatchingDate + 14	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1st April. NA: no eggs laid, eggs did not hatch, no live chicks found, no recorded
Day14_Day	Actual date when chicks about 14 day old have been counted and measured	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1st April. NA: no eggs laid, eggs did not hatch, all chicks found dead previously, no recorded
Day14_ ChickNumber	Number of live chicks found in nest at the Day14_Date	Integer	NA: no eggs laid, eggs did not hatch, all chicks found dead previously, no recorded
EggsUnhatched	Number of unhatched eggs found in nest. This is typically measured in Day 7 checks. In some years this might have been corrected from Number of eggs – Numbers of chicks (dead & alive)	Integer	NA: no eggs laid, no recorded
Fledge_CheckDay	Date when nest can be checked for fledging. Estimated as HatchingDate + 19	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1st April. NA: no eggs laid, eggs did not hatch, all chicks found dead previously, no recorded
Fledge_Date	Actual date when nest was checked, and it was empty	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1st April. NA: no eggs laid, eggs did not hatch, all chicks found dead previously, no recorded
Fledge_ChickNumber	Number of chicks expected to have fledged. This is estimated as the number of chicks counted in day 14 minus any dead chicks found in FledgeDate. In cases where this number was estimated in any other way, this is specified in	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1st April. NA: no eggs laid, eggs did not hatch, all chicks found dead previously, no recorded

	Notes		
FullNest_DeadDate	Date after hatching when	Date	Dates in April days starting 1st
	all chicks where found dead		April.
			NA: no eggs laid, eggs did not
			hatch, chicks fledged, no recorded
ObserverID	Unique code for lead	String	Code: inicial first name.second
	researcher during the year		names. n.nXX for data related to
	of data collection. Link to		initials XX initials in raw data of
	table: observers.csv		unknown researcher.
Notes	Further information	String	Text
	associated with nest record.		
	Field notes		NA: no recorded

File name	Parents_2002_2013.csv				
Description	Contains information of male and females breeding in nest boxes				
	between 2002 and 2013				
Size	135KB	135KB			
Case sensitive	no				
Number or records	2632				
Number of attributes	11				
Orientation	Variables (attributes) include	d as columi	ns		
Data table structure and					
attribute description					
Attribute name	Definition	Type	Attribute description		
Parents_Record	Unique number for the	Integer	Count		
	capture of an adult bird in		Min: 1, Max: 2632		
	this study				
Brood_ID	Unique name for brood	String	Name: combine year and nest box		
	history, parents and		ID		
	surviving chicks in a given				
	nest box and in a given		YYYY_[NestBoxID]		
	year.				
	Link to tables:				
	Parents_2002_2013.csv,				
	NestBoxes_breeding_2002				
	_2013.csv				
Year	Year the observations were	Date	YYYY		
	made				
			Min: 2002, Max: 2013		
NestBoxID	Name of Nest Box. Link to	String	Alphanumeric		
	table:		Nest boxes are marked with a		
	NextBoxes_location.csv		letter and a number. In general,		
			boxes within each woodland have		
			the same letter.		
RingNumber	BTO ring number that	String	Alphanumeric		
	identify bird caught in nest				
	box.				
CaptureTime	Time in the day bird was	Time	HH:MM		
	captured		British Summer Time (BST)		

Species	Species code (British Trust of Ornithology)	String	Nominal Table: NAMESP Assumed all Blue Tits
Sex	Sex of bird captured. BTO used criteria	String	Nominal F: female M: male
Age	Estimated age of bird captured	Integer	EURING age codes 5: 'Hatched during previous calendar year' 6: Hatched before last calendar year' NA: no recorded
Tarsus	Tarsus length of bird	Floating point	Units: millimetres to 0.01 precision. Uncertain if refer to minimum or maximum Tarsus (BTO: Ringer's Manual) NA: no recorded
Wing	Wing length defined as distance on the closed wing from the foremost extremity to the longest primary feather (BTO)	Integer	Units: millimetre to the closest millimetre NA: no recorded
Weight	Total weight of bird	Floating point	Units: grams to 0.01 precision. NA: no recorded
Notes	Further information associated with bird record. Field notes	String	Text NA: no recorded

File name	Parents_2015On.csv			
Description	Contains information of male and females breeding in nest boxes from			
G:	2015			
Size	159KB			
Case sensitive	no			
Number or records	1582			
Number of attributes	21			
Orientation	Variables (attributes) include	ed as columr	ns	
Data table structure and				
attribute description				
Attribute name	Definition	Type	Attribute description	
Parents_Record	Unique number for the	Integer	Count	
	capture of an adult bird in		Min: 2633	
	this study			
Brood_ID	Unique name for brood	String	Name: combine year and nest box	
	history, parents and		ID	
	surviving chicks in a given			
	nest box and in a given		YYYY_[NestBoxID]	
	year.			

	Link to tables: Parents_2015On.csv, NestBoxes_breeding_2015		
	On.csv, NestBuilding.csv		
Year	Year the observations were made	Date	YYYY
			Min: 2015
NestBoxID	Name of Nest Box. Link to table: NextBoxes_location.csv	String	Alphanumeric Nest boxes are marked with a letter and a number. In general, boxes within each woodland have the same letter.
RingNumber	BTO ring number that identify bird caught in nest box.	String	Alphanumeric
CaptureDate	Date when bird was captured	Date	Dates in April days starting 1 st April.
			NA: no recorded
CaptureTime	Time in the day bird was	Time	HH:MM
	captured		British Summer Time (BST)
Species	Species code (British Trust of Ornithology)	String	Nominal Table: NAMESP
Sex	Sex of bird captured. BTO used criteria	String	Nominal F: female M: male
Age	Estimated age of bird captured	Integer	EURING age codes 5: 'Hatched during previous calendar year' 6: Hatched before last calendar year' NA: no recorded
RecordType	Whether the capture bird is a new record or recaptured bird	String	Nominal R: Recapture o a previously ringed bird N: New bird ring record
ColourRing	Code of colour rings in legs of capture bird	String	Code for colours and position See table COLOURING NA: no colour rings present, no
			recorded
BloodSample	Name of vial containing blood sample for bird	String	Consecutive numbers unique within a breeding season
			NA: no sample available
Wing	Wing length defined as distance on the closed wing from the foremost extremity to the longest primary feather (BTO)	Integer	Units: millimetre to the closest millimetre NA: no recorded

Tarsus	Tarsus length of bird	Floating point	Units: millimetres to 0.01 precision. Uncertain if refer to minimum or maximum Tarsus (BTO: Ringer's Manual)
Head	Total head length measured from base of skull to tip of bill	Floating point	NA: no recorded Units: millimetres to 0.01 precision. (BTO: Ringer's Manual)
Beak	Bill length of bird measured from base to tip of bill or beak	Floating point	NA: no recorded Units: millimetres to 0.01 precision. (BTO: Ringer's Manual) NA: no recorded
Weight	Total weight of bird	Floating point	Units: grams to 0.01 precision. NA: no recorded
Mites	Presence of mites on one extended wing of bird	String	Count or categories 0: no mites observed > < 10 > < 20 > 40 > 50 NA: no recorded
ObserverID	Unique code for ringer associated with record. Link to table: obervers.csv	String	Code: initial first name.second names. n.nXX for data related to initials XX initials in raw data of unknown researcher
Notes	Further information associated with bird record. Field notes	String	Text NA: no recorded

File name	Chicks_2002-2013.csv			
Description	Contains information of ch	Contains information of chicks breeding in nest boxes between 2002 and		
	2013			
Size	605 KB			
Case sensitive	no			
Number or records	9772			
Number of attributes	13			
Orientation	Variables (attributes) include	Variables (attributes) included as columns		
Data table structure and				
attribute description				
Attribute name	Definition	Type	Attribute description	
Chick_Record	Unique number for the	Integer	Count	
	capture of a nestling in		Min: 1, Max: 9772	
	this study			

Brood_ID	Unique name for brood history, parents and surviving chicks in a given nest box and in a given year. Link to tables: Parents_2002_2013.csv, NestBoxes_breeding_20 02_2013.csv	String	Name: combine year and nest box ID YYYY_[NestBoxID]
Year	Year the observations were made	Date	YYYY Min: 2002 Max: 2013
NestBoxID	Name of Nest Box. Link to table: NextBoxes_location.csv	String	Alphanumeric Nest boxes are marked with a letter and a number. In general, boxes within each woodland have the same letter.
Species	Species code (British Trust of Ornithology)	String	Nominal Table: NAMESP Assumed all Blue Tits
RingNumber	BTO ring number that identify bird caught in nest box	String	Alphanumeric NA: bird no ringed
Age	Estimated age of bird captured	Integer	EURING age codes 1: Pullus (nestling)
Tarsus	Tarsus length of bird measured (age of measuring in days after hatching predicted day 14-15)	Floating point	Units: millimetres to 0.01 precision. Uncertain if refer to minimum or maximum Tarsus (BTO: Ringer's Manual) NA: no recorded
Wing	Wing length defined as distance on the closed wing from the foremost extremity to the longest primary feather (BTO) (age of measuring in days after hatching predicted day 14-15)	Floating point	Units: millimetres to 0.01 precision. NA: no recorded
Weight	Total weight of bird (age of measuring in days after hatching predicted day 14-15)	Floating point	Units: grams to 0.01 precision. NA: no recorded
Fate	Fate of ringed bird	String	Nominal. The meaning of some categories are unknown or can be guessed as there is not metadata or contact with data collectors. FL: assumed it is 'Fledged' DAM: assumed 'Dead after

Manipulation	Experimental treatment given to chick (J.D	String	measured" DBM: assumed 'dead before measured' DEAD 0: unknown 1: unknown N: unknown Y: unknown NA: no recorded Nominal. The meaning of the treatment name is unknown.
	Hadfield PhD thesis 2015)		CF: assumed cross-fostered (but Carotenoid Feeding was part of experiment) NA: no recorded
Notes	Further information associated with bird record. Field notes	String	Text: e.g. code name of chick before ring number containing NestBoxID NA: no recorded

File name	Chicks_2015On.csv		
Description	Contains information of chicks breeding in nest boxes		
Size	829 KB		
Case sensitive	no		
Number or records	6254		
Number of attributes	23		
Orientation	Variables (attributes) include	ed as column	ns
Data table structure and attribute description			
Attribute name	Definition	Type	Attribute description
Chick_Record	Unique number for the capture of a nestling in this study	Integer	Count Min: 9773
Brood_ID	Unique name for brood history, parents and surviving chicks in a given nest box and in a given year. Link to tables: Parents_2015On.csv, NestBoxes_breeding_20 15On.csv, NestBuilding.csv	String	Name: combine year and nest box ID YYYY_[NestBoxID]
Year	Year the observations were made	Date	YYYY

			Min: 2015
NestBoxID	Name of Nest Box. Link to table: NextBoxes_location.csv	String	Alphanumeric Nestboxes are marked with a letter and a number. In general, boxes within each woodland have the same letter.
ChickID	Identification of a chick within nest. Used when chicks were measured at day 7 and day 14	String	Mix Most years reported as consecutive numbers. Some years reported as nail cutting identification code: L: left leg R: right leg Nails 1 to 4
Species	Species code (British Trust of Ornithology)	String	Nominal Table: NAMESP
RingNumber	BTO ring number that identify bird caught in nest box	String	Alphanumeric NA: bird no ringed
Day7_CaptureDate	Date when bird was captured, 7 days after estimated hatching.	Date	Dates in April days starting 1 st April. NA: no capture at day 7
Day7_CaptureTime	Time in the day bird was captured, 7 days after estimated hatching.	Time	HH:MM British Summer Time (BST) NA: no captured at day 7
Day7_Weight	Total weight of bird	Floating point	Units: grams to 0.01 precision. NA: no recorded
Day14_CaptureDate	Date when bird was captured, 14 days after estimated hatching.	Date	Dates in April days starting 1 st April. NA: no captured or dead at day 14 visit
Day14_CaptureTime	Time in the day bird was captured, 14 days after estimated hatching.	Time	HH:MM British Summer Time (BST) NA: no captured or dead at day 7, no recorded
Day14_Wing	Wing length defined as distance on the closed wing from the foremost extremity to the longest primary feather (BTO) measured 14 days after estimated hatching	Integer	Units: millimetre to the closest millimetre NA: no recorded
Day14_Tarsus	Tarsus length of bird measured 14 days after	Floating point	Units: millimetres to 0.01 precision. Uncertain if refer to

	estimated hatching		minimum or maximum Tarsus (BTO: Ringer's Manual) NA: no recorded
Day14_Head	Total head length measured from base of skull to tip of bill measured 14 days after estimated hatching	Floating point	Units: millimetres to 0.01 precision. (BTO: Ringer's Manual) NA: no recorded
Day14_Beak	Bill length of bird measured from base to tip of bill or beak measured 14 days after estimated hatching	Floating point	Units: millimetres to 0.01 precision. (BTO: Ringer's Manual) NA: no recorded
Day14_Weight	Total weight of bird measured 14 days after estimated hatching	Floating point	Units: grams to 0.01 precision. NA: no recorded
Day14_Mites	Presence of mites on one extended wing of bird estimated 14 days after estimated hatching	String	Count or categories 0: no mites observed < 5 > < 10 > < 20 NA: no recorded
BloodSample	Name of vial containing blood sample for bird	String	Consecutive numbers unique within a breeding season NA: no sample available
Fledge_Date	Date when nest was checked, and it was empty. Bird expected to have fledge if dead body is not found on nest	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1 st April. NA: Bird dead, no recorded
Dead_Date	Date when nest was checked bird was found dead	Integer	Dates in April days starting 1 st April. NA: Bird fledged, no recorded
ObserverID	Unique code for ringer associated with record. Link to table: observers.csv	String	Code: initial first name.second names. n.nXX for data related to initials XX initials in raw data of unknown researcher
Notes	Further information associated with bird record. Field notes	String	Text NA: no recorded

File name	NestBuilding.csv
Description	Gives information of the stage of nest development before and during of
	the breeding season
Size	107KB

Case sensitive	no		
Number or records	1487		
Number of attributes	8		
Orientation	Variables (attributes) included as columns		
Data table structure and			
attribute description		1	
Attribute name	Definition	Type	Attribute description
Nest_Record	Unique number for the nest building observations	Integer	Count Min: 1
Brood_ID	Unique name for brood history, parents and surviving chicks in a given nest box and in a given	String	Name: combine year and nest box ID YYYY_[NestBoxID]
	year. Link to tables: Parents_2015On.csv, NestBoxes_breeding_2015 On.csv, Chicks_2015On.csv		
Year	Year the observations were made	Date	YYYY Min: 2022
NestBoxID	Name of Nest Box. Link to tables: NextBoxes_location.csv	String	Alphanumeric Nestboxes are marked with a letter and a number. In general, boxes within each woodland have the same letter.
Date	Date when observation was made	Date	Dates in April days starting 1^{st} April. March $31^{st} = 0$ March $30^{th} = -1$ March $1^{st} = -30$
Nest_score	Number representing the stage of development of nest the day of visit	String	Category See Table: NEST_SCORE
ObserverID	Unique code for ringer associated with record. Link to table: observers.csv	String	Code: initial first name.second names. n.nXX for data related to initials XX initials in raw data of unknown researcher, XX.ug id data taken as part of an undergraduate course
Photo_link	Link to a photograph of the nest	String	Links deposited in Epicollect5 projects NA: not link or photograph available

File name	observers.csv
Description	Gives information of people involved in data collection

Size	3 KB		
Case sensitive	no		
Number or records	30		
Number of attributes	6		
Orientation	Variables (attributes) include	d as column	S
Data table structure and attribute description			
Attribute name	Definition	Type	Attribute description
ObserverID	Unique code. Link to	String	Code: initial first name.second
	tables		names.
	Nextboxes_breeding.csv		n.nXX for data related to initials
	Parents_2015On.csv		XX initials in raw data of
	Chicks_2015On.csv		unknown researcher
FirstName	Observer first name	String	Text
SecondName	Observer second name	String	Text
Email	Observer email address	String	Text
	when participated in project		NULL: unknown
ObserverType	Observers position at Imperial College London or	String	Codes proj.stu: Master or Undergraduate
	other institution during data		student
	collection		proj.staff: Project leaders or
			technicians
			amat.vis: visitor
			NULL: unknown
Notes	Further information	String	Text
	associated with researcher		

File name	NextBoxes_location.csv		
Description	Give information about the location and type of Blue and Great Tit nest		
	boxes		
Size	25KB		
Case sensitive	No		
Number or records	340		
Number of attributes	12		
Orientation	Variables (attributes) included as columns		
Files used to fill data	Read README_DataBaseOaks.txt to find out how this table was built		
Data table structure and			
attribute description			
Attribute name	Definition	Type	Attribute description
NestBoxID	Name of Nest Box. Link to	String	Alphanumeric
	tables		Nestboxes are marked with a
	NestBoxes_breeding_2015O		letter and a number. In general,
	n.csv		boxes within each woodland have
	Parents_2015On.csv		the same letter.
	Chicks_2015On.csv		
Type	Type of nest box, determined	Integer	Nominal
	by the size of entrance hole		26: entrance hole is 26 mm

			diameter
			32: entrance hole is 26 mm
		_	diameter
TreeID	Unique number given to each	Integer	NA: unknown
	tree, Link to table trees.cvs		
	in Oaks DataBase		
latitude	Latitude: north-south position	Floating	Geographic coordinate in decimal
	WGS84	point	degrees
			NA: unknown
longitude	Longitude: east-west position	Floating	Geographic coordinate in decimal
	WGS84	point	degrees
			NA: unknown
northing	Great Britain, National Grid,	Floating	Geographic coordinate
	northing (Ordnance Survey)	point	NA: unknown
easting	Great Britain, National Grid,	Floating	Geographic coordinate
	easting (Ordnance Survey)	point	NA: unknown
species	Scientific name of species of	String	NA: unknown
	tree where nest box is located		
InOut	Whether the tree (TreeID)	String	In: Nest box is currently on this
	currently host a nest box		tree
			Out: Nest box was moved to other
			tree or taken out of the study
action	Whether the nest box	String	set: nest box hanged on tree
	(NestBoxID) was introduced		out: nest box removed form tree
	or removed from a tree		
	(TreeID) in the given		
	date/year		
year	If action set: year of the first	Date	YYYY
	breeding season when tree		
	(TreeID) hosted nest box		
	(NestBoxID)		
	If action out: year of the last		
	breeding season when tree		
	(TreeID) hosted nest box		
	(NestBoxID)		
date	Day when a NestBoxID was	Date	DD/MM/YYYY
	set up (set) or taken down		NA: not known
	from a tree (TreeID) (out)		

File name	SwapSamples.csv
Description	Give information about swap samples used for microbiomas
Size	4KB
Case sensitive	No
Number or records	80
Number of attributes	10
Orientation	Variables (attributes) included as columns
Files used to fill data	
Data table structure and	
attribute description	

Attribute name	Definition	Type	Attribute description
SampleID	Unique number given to a swap sample	Integer	Nominal
Year	Year the observations were	Date	YYYY
	made		Min: 2023
NestBoxID	Name of Nest Box. Link to tables NextBoxes_location.csv NestBoxes_breeding_2015O n.csv Parents_2015On.csv	String	Alphanumeric Nestboxes are marked with a letter and a number. In general, boxes within each woodland have the same letter.
	Chicks_2015On.csv		NA: for control samples
RingNumber	BTO ring number that identify bird caught in nest box. Link to table Chicks_2015On.csv	String	Alphanumeric NA: bird no ringed or control samples
ChickID	Identification of a chick within nest. Used when chicks were measured at day 7 and day 14 Link to table Chicks_2015On.csv	Integer	Nominal Reported as consecutive numbers. NA: for control samples
ChickAge	Estimated day after hatching when chick was sampled	Integer	Nominal 7: Day 7 15: Day 14
CaptureDate	Date when bird was captured	Date	NA: for control samples Dates in April days starting 1 st April.
BreedingTime	Category describing timing of breeding within season	String	Nominal early: First nests with hatching chicks middle: Nest with hatching chicks in season peak late: Last nest to have hatching chicks NA: for control samples
ObserverID	Unique code for ringer associated with record. Link to table: observers.csv	String	Code: initial first name.second names. n.nXX for data related to initials XX initials in raw data of unknown researcher, XX.ug id data taken as part of an undergraduate course
Notes	Further information associated with sample	String	Text

Data anomalies	
	README_DataBaseOaks contains information of data curation for table
	NestBoxes_location.csv
	README_DataBaseBlueTits contains information of data curation for other tables described here.
	Location of nest boxes in territory K (NestBoxID: K01 to K12), E09, E14, E19, J11 were estimated from a printed map.
	Date of set up, removal or changes of nest boxes location was not recorded before 2019. The year of nest boxes set up or removal before 2019 have been derived from the breeding records.
	All data from 2002 to 2013 is assumed to be from Blue Tit broods (which is has a high probability to be correct). Older data file has not metadata attached so during curation we have made assumptions which are highlighted in file README_DataBaseBlueTits.txt and the table descriptions above

Supplemental descriptors	
Publications	7
	Hadfield JD, Burgess MD, Lord A, Phillimore AB, Clegg SM, Owens IP
	(2006) Direct versus indirect sexual selection: genetic basis of colour, size
	and recruitment in a wild bird. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B:</i>
	Biological Sciences 273: 1347–1353 https://doi.org/10.1098/rspb.2005.3459
	Hadfield JD, Owens IPF. 2006. Strong environmental determination of a
	carotenoid-based plumage trait is not mediated by carotenoid
	availability. Journal of Evolutionary Biology 19: 1104–1114.
	https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1420-9101.2006.01095.x
	Hadfield JD, Nutall A, Osorio D, Owens IPF. 2007. Testing the phenotypic
	gambit: Phenotypic, genetic and environmental correlations of colour.
	Journal of Evolutionary Biology 20: 549–
	557. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1420-9101.2006.01262.x
	Thorley JB, Lord AM (2015) Laying date is a plastic and repeatable trait in a
	population of blue tits Cyanistes caeruleus. Ardea 103 (1): 69-78.
	https://doi.org/10.5253/arde.v103i1.a7
	Villemereuil PD et al. (2020) Fluctuating optimum and temporally variable
	selection of breeding date in birds and mammals. PNAS: 117: 31969-31978.
	https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.2009003117
	Culina A, et al. (2021) Connecting the data landscape of long-term
	ecological studies: The SPI-Birds data hub. Journal of Animal Ecology 90:
	1997-2226. https://doi.org/10.1111/1365-2656.13388
	Chik HYJ, Estrada C, Wang Y, Tank P, Lord AM, Schroeder J
	(2022) Individual variation in reaction norms but no directional selection in
	reproductive plasticity of a wild passerine population. Ecology and Evolution
	12: e8582.
	https://doi.org/10.1002/ece3.8582
Website	https://www.imperial.ac.uk/silwood-park/research/silwood-lte/blue-tits/

How to cite database	Contact c.estrada@imperial.ac.uk
How to acknowledge	Contact c.estrada@imperial.ac.uk
dataset	
Additional information	Sampling protocoles can be found in: Lopera Doblas (2017) Field Season
	Protocol, file: handbook.pdf
	Oak database
	Maps showing nest boxes and trees in google, GIS